

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CD NO.

COUNTRY Bolivia

DATE DISTR. Mar 1949

SUBJECT Movimiento Nacionalista Revolucionario
 Villarroelista. Faction of MNR

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE 25X1A6a

NO. OF ENCLS.
 (LISTED BELOW)

ACQUIRED

DATE OF INFO. Prior to 31 January 1949

SUPPLEMENT TO
 REPORT NO.

25X1X6

1. The Movimiento Nacionalista Revolucionario Villarroelista (MNRV),* a new faction of the Movimiento Nacionalista Revolucionario (MNR), is reportedly the product of the personal ambitions of its leaders. It is believed that there are no fundamental differences of principle between the MNRV and the main body of the MNR, although the new faction, in its initial public proclamation, claimed to be in opposition to the violent and totalitarian methods of the MNR and Paz Estenssoro.**
2. Source reports that all of the officers of the MNRV have previously been expelled from the MNR. Most of these individuals expressed approval of a written statement issued in November 1948 protesting the expulsion of Alberto Taborga from the MNR.***
3. The organizers of the MNRV are not strong personalities and do not have any large popular following, with the exception of Alberto Taborga.**** He has recently, however, been serving as an informer for the police, and this fact has been suspected in MNR circles.
4. The MNRV intends to put forward candidates in the congressional elections in May and has tentatively decided to run Alberto Taborga and Julian V. Montellano for deputies for La Paz.

25X1A6a ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Comment. On 30 January the MNRV installed the following officers:

Dr. Julian V. Montellano - Chief

Comite Politico Nacional

Alberto Taborga	Eduardo Ramirez de la Rúa
Fausto Reinaga	German Rea Nogales
Jose Luis Cardenas	Jose Lucio Quiroz
Walter Portocarrero	Hugo Nogales Canedo
Juan Jose Solares	Augusto Arqueses M.
Julio Manuel Aramayo	

25X1A6a ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Comment. Regardless of the present strength or the eventual success or failure of the MNRV, this movement is indicative of the increasing problem which Victor Paz Estenssoro is having to face in his attempt to hold together and lead the MNR from his exile in Argentina.

CLASSIFICATION WARNING NOTICE THIS DISTRIBUTION LISTING MUST BE

STATE	NAVY	NSRB	DISTRIBUTION
ARMY	AIR	FBI	EXCISED FROM PUBLIC RELEASE OF THE DOCUMENT

Document No.

NO CHANGE in Class. ☐

DECLASSIFIED

Class. CHANGED TO: TS

DDA Memo, 4 Apr 77

Auth: DDA REG. 77/1/63

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

This document is hereby regraded to CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the letter of 13 October 1978 from the Director of Central Intelligence to the Archivist of the United States.
 Next Review Date: 2006

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

25X1A2g

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

25X1A6a ** ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Comment. Since the supporters of the written statement in favor of Tabora are expected to sympathize with the new MNRU, they are listed below:

Dr. Jose Luis Cardenas
 Juan J. Solares
 Augusto Arguedas Monje
 Francisco Chavez
 Pedro Manjon
 Jose Luis del Castillo
 Juan C. Velazco
 Luis Sanchez
 Teodoro Machado
 Carlos Quint Montecinos
 Alberto Gonzalez J.
 Jorge Ballivian
 Hugo Nogales Canedo
 Francisco Valdez y V.
 Julio Miranda
 Ladislao Girando
 Ascencio Flores

Pacifico Luna Cornejo
 Ricardo Medrano
 Miguel Sanjines
 Dr. Julian V. Montellano
 Dr. Walter Portocarrero
 Julio Rodriguez
 Dr. Hugo Cardenas Mallea
 Sabino Terceros
 Jose Lucio Quiroz
 Oscar Altamirano
 Ismael Cortez
 Jose G. Fernandez
 Andres Navarro
 Guillermo Vilela
 Juan Helmig
 Eduardo Ramirez de la Ruz
 Jorge Pabon

25X1A6a *** ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Comment. As one of the chief figures in the 20 December 1943 revolution which brought the Villarroel regime to power, Tabora gained considerable prestige in the MNR.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~